LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034



B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - **CHEMISTRY**

FIFTH SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2015

CH 5510 - ORGANO-NITROGEN COMPOUNDS & STEREOCHEMISTRY

Date: 03/11/2015	Dept. No.	Max.: 100 Marks
Time: 09:00-12:00		

PART- A

Answer **ALL** the questions:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. Why is dimethylamine more basic than methylamine and trimethylamine?
- 2. What is TNT? How will you prepare it?
- 3. How will you prepare thiophene from mucic acid?
- 4. What are isoprene and special isoprene rules?
- 5. Write E and Z isomers of CBrI=CClF.
- 6. What do you mean by torsional strain?
- 7. Define chirality.
- 8. What are erythro and threo isomers? Give an example.
- 9. What is Fries rearrangement?
- 10. How does cationotropic rearrangement take place?

PART-B

Answer any **EIGHT** questions:

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

- 11. Enumerate the reduction of nitrobenzene under different conditions.
- 12. Write notes on (i) Sandmeyer reaction
 - (ii) Hoffmann degradation

(iii) Diazotization

 $(1\frac{1}{2} + 2 + 1\frac{1}{2})$

- 13. "Electrophilic substitution of pyridine occurs at C-3, whereas nucleophilic substitution at C-2". Justify.
- 14. How will you prepare Quinoline by Skraup synthesis?
- 15. Discuss the extraction of alkaloids from plants.
- 16. Explain 1,3- interaction using dimethyl cyclohexane.
- 17. Explain conformational analysis of ethane molecule.
- 18. Enumerate the optical activity of biphenyls.
- 19. Describe chemical and bio-methods for the resolution of racemic mixture.

 $(2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2})$

20. What is Beckmann rearrangement? Explain its mechanism.

(2+3)

- 21. Discuss the classification of molecular rearrangements?
- 22. Explain D and L notation of optical isomers.

PART-C

Answer any **FOUR** questions:

 $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$

23. (i) Explain the effect of substituents on the basicity of aniline.

(5+5)

- (ii) "Nitromethane shows acidic character". Why?
- 24. Elucidate the structure of piperine.
- 25. (i) Starting from pyrrole how will you prepare?

(2+2+2+2)

- a. Pyrrole-2-carboxylic acid
- b. 2- formyl pyrrole
- c. Pyridine
- d. 2-nitro pyrrole
- (ii) How will you prepare ethylamine by Gabriel phthalimide synthesis?

(2)

- 26. Describe various methods of distinguishing geometrical isomers.
- 27. Write notes on (i) Asymmetric synthesis.

(5+5)

- (ii) Walden inversion.
- 28. Explain with mechanism:

(5+5)

- (i) Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement
- (ii) Claisen rearrangement.

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